

المعدل : (4)
المدّة : ساعة ونصف

الاختصاص والرمز : العناية التمريضية (82802)
المادة : اللغة الاجنبية الاولى (انكليزي)
المستندات المسموح بها : لا شيء

Read the text and answer the questions.

They just can't help it

What kind of brain do you have? Simon Baron, who has done intensive research, says there really are big differences between male and female brains.

1) My theory is that the female brain is mainly built for empathy (E)- the ability to understand other people – and that the male brain is mainly built for understanding and building systems (S). According to this theory, there are three brain types: the E-brain, the S-brain and the 'balanced brain' which has both abilities- empathy and systems-thinking (the ability to understand how things work).

2) It is important to stress that not all men have the S-brain, and not all women have the E-brain. But generally, there are clear differences. For example, women tend to choose different things to read on the railway platform or in the airport departure lounge. They are more likely to go for magazines on fashion, romance, beauty, counselling and parenting. Men are more likely to choose magazines that feature computers, cars, photography, DIY, sport and the outdoors.

3) You may think that these preferences are in some way influenced by people's upbringing. However, there is scientific evidence to suggest that this is not the case.

4) A new study carried out in the lab where I work at Cambridge University shows that newborn girls look longer at a face, and newborn boys look longer at a mechanical mobile, which suggests that certain differences between male and female brains are biological. It has also been observed that baby girls as young as 12 months old respond more strongly to other people's emotional problems. For example, baby girls generally show greater concern when they are with someone who is sad. Teenage girls and women spend more time comforting friends who have problems. Women are also more sensitive to facial expressions. They are better at noticing subtle signs of changes in other people's feelings, or judging a person's character.

5) Boys from an early age onwards, seem to love putting things together, building toy towers or towns or vehicles. Boys also enjoy playing with toys which have clear functions, which have buttons to press, things that light up, or devices that will cause another object to move. You see the same sort of pattern in the adult workplace. People whose jobs are in metal-working or the construction industries are almost entirely male. Maths, physics and engineering, which require high levels of systems-thinking, are also largely male-chosen disciplines.

6) Some people may worry that I am suggesting that one gender is better than the other, but this is not the case. The theory says that, on the whole, males and females differ in the kinds of things that they are interested in and that they find easy, but that both genders have their strengths and their weaknesses. Neither gender is superior overall.

Other may worry that a theory like this creates gender stereotypes, which is not true. The study simply looks at males and females as two groups, and asks what differences exist, and why they are there.

A- Comprehension:

(2 ½ pts)

- 1) Which abilities are more related to the 'E-brain'?
- 2) What does the text say about boys and girls and what reason is given for these differences?
- 3) Why are some people critical of the theory?
- 4) What evidence is there to suggest that the differences in men and women's likes/dislikes are not just influenced by their upbringing?
- 5) What is your own opinion about the theory presented in the article?

B- Give the English meanings of the following words:

(2 pts)

Empathy – stress – evidence – observed.

II. A :

- What is the function of the dash (-) in the first sentence in (part 1)? (1 pt)
- What pattern of sentences is used in (part 2)? (1 pt)
- Pick out a passive sentence from (part 3) and change it into active? (1 pt)
- Pick out a phrasal verb from (part 4)? (½ pt)
- Pick out a modal verb from (part 6)? (½ pt)
- What is the kind of the underlined sentence in (part 5)? (1 pt)
- What does the underlined word in (part 6) denote or mean? (½ pt)

B. Rewrite the following sentences as required without changing their meanings:

(2 pts)

- Preferences are influenced by people's upbringing.
- People's upbringing
- Males and females differ but they both have weaknesses and strengths.
- Even though

C. Fill in the blanks with a word from the table:

(3 pts)

Films – movie therapy – encourage – talk – plot - psychotherapists

Movie therapy

It is the latest trend in therapy. In a new move _____ are using feature _____ in order to _____ their patients to _____ more freely about their problems. Supporters of _____ claim that discussing character and _____ lines can help people.

III. Writing:

(5 pts)

Write a well-developed subject about the following: " The brain is the man. You, as a future nurse, how do you evaluate its function?" Explain.